CENTRAL INTELLIGENCE AGENCY

13 November 1951

SUBJECT: NIE-36/1: PROSPECTS FOR THE SURVIVAL OF A NON-COMMUNIST RECEIVE IN BURNA

## THE PROBLET

To review the conclusions of NTE-36, "Prospects for Survival of a Non-Communist Regime in Burma" dated 1 August 1951, with reference to the timing of possible control over part or all of Burma by the Burmese Communists.

## ESTLIATE

1. In NIE-36 it was estimated that the Communists "will probably be able within the next year or two to achieve <u>de factor</u> control over a considerable area of northern Burma" and that if covert Chinese Communist aid to the Burmese Communists continues "the Burmese Government is not likely to survive in the long rur unless it greatly increases its political and military strength."

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- 2. Recent reports indicate that both the political and military situation may be deteriorating more rapidly than had been estimated in MIE-36. As anticipated the Chinese Communists have continued their support of the Burmese Communists. In addition there is evidence that the Burmese Communists are making progress toward collaboration with the Karens thus increasing the over-all capabilities of the insurgents. Furthermore, the Thakin Nu Government is becoming even more unstable than indicated in MIE-36. The pro-Communist Burma Workers and Peoples Party has become increasingly effective in unifying left-wing opposition to the Burmese Government and in hampering the government's operation against the insurgents. The left-wing Socialist leader, Ba Swe, may exercise his increasing influence to replace Thakin Nu with a pro-Communist Prime Minister.
- 3. We therefore conclude that the Durmese Communists may achieve control of large areas of northern Burma within the next six to eight months and that there is a possibility that the Burmese Government may be relaced by a pro-Communist regime within the next few months.